

# FACT SHEET: Bank of Japan Carry Trade & U.S. Asset Liquidation

## Current Breakdown of U.S. Asset Liquidations and Debt Repayment to Japan

### U.S. Treasuries and Fixed-Income Divestment

- **Recent Liquidations:** Japanese investors pulled a net \$29.6 billion out of U.S. government-linked debt in Q1 2026 alone.
- **Historical Context:** This represents the largest single-quarter retreat since mid-2022.
- **Total Outflow Scope:** Over \$100 billion in foreign-exchange intervention capital and private institutional funds have been pulled from U.S. sovereign debt between late 2024 and mid-2026.
- **Driver of Outflows:** These funds were liquidated to support the yen and cover rising borrowing costs.
- **Remaining Exposure:** Japan remains the world's largest foreign holder of U.S. debt, maintaining a massive baseline footprint of roughly \$1.24 trillion.

### U.S. Equities and Tech Sector Sales

- **The 2024 Shockwave:** The Bank of Japan's July 2024 rate hike triggered an immediate, mechanical liquidation of U.S. equities.
- **Immediate Impact:** Billions of dollars were abruptly wiped out over a three-day period.
- **Margin Calls:** Hedge funds were forced to dump liquid U.S. tech stocks to cover sudden margin calls on their yen loans.
- **Current Equity Exposure:** Japanese investors hold an estimated \$1.5 trillion in U.S. equities.
- **Continuing Vulnerability:** Portfolios are systematically pared down every time the U.S.–Japan interest rate spread narrows.

## Debt Repayment and Speculative Positioning

- **The Speculative Bounce:** The Federal Reserve has kept interest rates higher for longer, maintaining a wide interest rate differential between the U.S. and Japan.
- **Current Short Positions:** As of mid-2026, net speculative short positions against the yen sit at a massive \$10 billion to \$11.3 billion.
- **Systemic Risk:** The high volume of speculative borrowing leaves the U.S. financial system highly exposed to another sudden unwinding event.
- **The Repayment Loop:** If the yen rallies sharply, investors will be forced into an immediate cycle of liquidating remaining U.S. assets to repay their cross-border loans to Japanese lenders.

## Critical Blind Spots to Watch

- **Past Interventions:** The Japanese Ministry of Finance has spent upwards of \$74 billion in unilateral currency interventions to prop up the yen.
- **Coordinated Intervention Risk:** A joint intervention with the U.S. Treasury will trigger an aggressive, involuntary unwinding of remaining U.S. holdings.
- **Rising Domestic Yields:** Japanese Government Bond (JGB) yields are currently rising toward historic multi-decade highs.
- **Structural Repatriation:** Rising domestic yields give institutional giants like Japanese life insurers and pension funds a structural incentive to permanently pull money out of the U.S. and bring it back home.